AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Claims 1-34. (Canceled)

35. (Currently amended): A method for extracting manganese from a multi-component solution, comprising:

contacting the multi-component solution with a reagent to create a reaction solution, wherein the reagent comprises a quaternary ammonium compound, a hydrogen ion exchange reagent and an organic solvent (QL reagent), wherein the reaction solution is heated to a temperature in the range of about 180°F to about 230 °F; and

removing one or more non-manganese impurities from the reaction solution to create an impurity depleted reaction solution; and

extracting manganese from the impurity depleted reaction solution, wherein the pH of the solution remains constant.

- 36. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 35, wherein the pH of the solution remains above 1.5.
- 37. (Previously Presented): The method of claim 35, wherein step (b) comprises stripping the reaction solution by contacting the reaction solution with an acid; oxidizing and precipitating one or more of the impurities in the reaction solution; and removing the oxidized and precipitated impurities from the reaction solution to create an impurity depleted reaction solution.
- 38. (Previously presented): The method of claim 37, wherein the acid comprises a non-oxidizing acid.
- 39. (Previously presented): The method of claim 37, wherein calcium is extracted from the reaction solution during the stripping step.

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40. (Previously presented): The method of claim 35, wherein calcium is extracted from the multi-component solution in a further step comprising: introducing manganese-rich strip solution to the reaction solution; displacing calcium from the reaction solution; and scrubbing the displaced calcium from the solution.

- 41. (Previously presented): The method of claim 40, wherein the manganese-rich strip solution contains an organic phase/aqueous phase (O/A) ratio between 5-20.
- 42. (Previously presented): The method of claim 35, wherein the multi-component solution comprises geothermal brine.
- 43. (Previously presented): The method of claim 42, wherein the geothermal brine contains zinc which is removed from the multi-component solution through a step comprising: contacting the multi-component solution with a reagent to create a mixture, wherein the reagent comprises a quaternary ammonium compound and a hydrogen ion exchange reagent; contacting the mixture with pure H₂O; and separating the zinc from the mixture.
- 44. (Previously presented): The method of claim 35, wherein a phase modifier is contacted with the reaction solution in step (a).
- 45. (Previously presented): The method of claim 35, wherein the impurity depleted reaction solution comprises manganese chloride.
- 46. (Previously presented): The method of claim 35, wherein in step (c) the impurity depleted reaction solution is combined with an acid to produce an electrolyte bath.
- 47. (Previously presented): The method of claim 46, wherein the acid is sulfuric acid or hydrochloric acid.
 - 48. (Canceled)

49. (Currently amended): A method for extracting manganese from a composition containing an impurity, comprising:

contacting a composition containing manganese and one or more impurities with a QL reagent to create a reaction solution, wherein the reaction solution is heated to a temperature in the range of about 180°F to about 230 °F;

contacting the reaction solution with an acid;

oxidizing and precipitating one or more of the impurities in the reaction solution;

removing the oxidized and precipitated impurities from the reaction solution to create an impurity depleted reaction solution; and

applying an electric current to the impurity depleted reaction solution and removing the manganese therefrom, wherein the pH of the solution remains constant.

- 50. (Previously presented): The method of claim 49, wherein the QL reagent comprises a quaternary ammonium compound, a hydrogen ion exchange reagent and an organic solvent.
- 51. (Previously presented): The method of claim 49, wherein the acid is a non-oxidizing acid.
- 52. (Previously presented): The method of claim 49, wherein all components of step (a) are performed under anoxic conditions.

53-54. (Canceled)